LIBERTY® ATZ HERBICIDE

SECTION 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

Product Name: LIBERTY® ATZ HERBICIDE
Chemical Name: active ingredients: glufosinate-ammonium and atrazine
Synonym: 
MSDS Number: 98
Chemical Family: 
Chemical Formulation: 
EPA Registration No.: 264-668
Canadian Registrat. No.: 

Bayer CropScience
2 T.W. Alexander Drive
Research Triangle PK, NC  27709
USA

For Product Use Information: (866)-992-2937 Monday through Friday(CRLF) 8:00AM-4:30PM(CRLF) For Medical Emergency contact DART: (800) 334-7577  24 Hours/Day(CRLF)
For Transportation Emergency CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300  24 Hours/Day

Product Use Description: Liberty ATZ Herbicide is a selective herbicide for use only on corn resistant to glufosinate-ammonium. It is recommended to use this herbicide only on seed designated as Liberty Link or warranted by Bayer as being resistant to glufosinate-ammonium.

SECTION 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component Name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Concentration % by Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Glufosinate-ammonium</td>
<td>77182-82-2</td>
<td>10.0000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATRAZINE</td>
<td>1912-24-9</td>
<td>31.7500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Related compounds</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.6700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other ingredients, including:</td>
<td></td>
<td>56.5800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium laureth sulfate</td>
<td>68585-34-2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated</td>
<td>68512-34-5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium xylenesulfonate</td>
<td>1300-72-7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

NOTE: Please refer to Section 11 for detailed toxicological information.

Emergency Overview
Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye injury. This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

Physical State
liquid

Odor
Odorless to fatty/oily-like odor.

Appearance
A light to medium brown

Immediate Effects
Eye
Causes moderate eye irritation.

Ingestion
Harmful if swallowed.

Inhalation
Harmful if inhaled.

Chronic or Delayed
Long-Term
This product contains atrazine which has been shown to produce tumors in certain strains of rats. See Section 11 for further information.

Signs and Symptoms
Nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, increased salivation, drowsiness, tremors, convulsions, respiratory depression, cardiac arrhythmia, decreased blood pressure, drowsiness and/or loss of consciousness. These symptoms may be delayed by up to 48 hours after exposure.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye
Flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin
Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Ingestion
Rinse mouth thoroughly with plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation
Remove victim to fresh air. Get medical attention if breathing difficulty develops.

Note to Physician
Symptoms may be delayed by up to 48 hours following ingestion. Thus, a patient ingesting undiluted product treated as outlined below. Treatment should be symptomatic and supportive.

In addition, the following procedures are generally recommended:
If ingested, endotracheal intubation and gastric lavage should be performed as soon as possible, followed by charcoal and sodium sulfate administration.
Respiratory, Cardiac and Central Nervous Systems should be monitored with particular regard to ECG, electrolyte balance (especially for potassium) and signs of increased intracranial pressure.
In the event of a large exposure, dialysis and/or hemoperfusion should be conducted as soon as possible to eliminate the compound from the body. In the event of convulsions, administer phenobarbital or diazepam.

There is no specific antidote. Glufosinate-ammonium does not inhibit cholinesterase; thus atropine and 2-PAM are contraindicated. Recovery is normally spontaneous, usually within 48 hours.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flash Point</th>
<th>&gt; 93 °C / &gt; 199 °F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Method:</td>
<td>Closed Cup</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Suitable Extinguishing Media | dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) |

| Fire Fighting Instructions | As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH approved (or equivalent) and full protective gear. Keep upwind. Isolate fire area. Avoid inhalation of smoke and fumes. Use water or foam to reduce fumes. Do not touch spilled material. If possible, move containers from area. Extinguish only if flow can be stopped. Use flooding amounts of water as a fog. Cool containers with flooding amounts of water from as far a distance as possible. Avoid breathing vapors. |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION/RATING:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NFPA/OSHA Class:</td>
<td>IIIB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NFPA Rating (Fire):</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| General and Disposal | Use proper protective equipment to minimize personal exposure (see Section 8). Take all necessary action to prevent and to remedy the effects of the spill. Ensure that the disposal is in compliance with Federal or local disposal regulations. See Section 13 for any applicable Reportable Quantity (RQ) and other federal regulatory information. |

| Land Spill or Leaks | Small Spill: Absorb with an inert absorbent material such as granular clay, saw dust or pet litter. Sweep up carefully while avoiding the formation of a dust cloud. Place in an approved chemical waste container for disposal. Rinse spill area with small amount of soapy water. Contain and absorb the rinsate with inert absorbents and place into the same disposal container. Area can be washed with water to remove the last trace residue. Do not allow water to contaminate water supplies or sewers. |
|                     | Large Spill: Eliminate all ignition sources. Stop leak if you can do so without coming into contact with spilled material. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. All equipment used to clean up spill should be grounded. Prevent |
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Material from entering public sewer system or any waterway. Inform appropriate authorities immediately if contamination occurs. Contact Bayer for further assistance if necessary.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Procedures
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors and spray mist.

Storing Procedures
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or handling. Keep in a dry, cool place. Store in an area that is out of reach of children and animals, away from the home or home garden.

Work/Hygienic Procedures
Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
Remove Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls
Control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary.

Eye/Face Protection
Safety glasses, splash goggles or face-shield

Body Protection
Chemical-resistant gloves (Neoprene, Nitrile, PVC), other protective clothing to avoid skin contact

Respiratory Protection
Ensure adequate ventilation. If not adequate, use a chemical cartridge-type respirator approved by the National Institute of Occupational Health and Safety.

General Protection
Eye wash facility and safety shower should be available.

AGRICULTURAL USES:
The following personal protective equipment (PPE) must be worn when using product or upon early entry into treated areas during the Restricted Entry Interval (REI):
- Long sleeved shirt and long pants; or Coveralls (required for REI only)
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Shoes and socks
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant apron during mixing and loading
See "User Safety Recommendations" on the product label for additional details concerning the use of PPE under the EPA Worker Protection Standards (40 CFR Part 170).

### Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>NIOSH</th>
<th>OSHA Z1A</th>
<th>US CA OEL</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATRAZINE</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>REL</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>TWA PEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
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</table>

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>A light to medium brown</td>
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<tr>
<td>Physical State</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
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<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Odorless to fatty/oily-like odor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>6.8 at 19.2 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density (air = 1)</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity</td>
<td>1.138 at 20 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting/Freezing Point</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility (in water)</td>
<td>pH 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1,370 g/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>at 22 °C</td>
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<tr>
<td>Solubility (in Solvent/Oil)</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Ignition Energy (mj)</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Explosion Conc. (MEC)</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient</td>
<td>pH 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>logPow: &lt; 0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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Other Information
EVAPORATION RATE (BUTYL ACETATE = 1): Not available
DUST EXPLOSION SEVERITY DATA: Not applicable
LIMITED OXYGEN CONCENTRATION (LOC): Not available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability
Stable

Incompatibility
None known

Hazardous Polymerization (Conditions to avoid)
Will not occur

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Oral Toxicity
Based on a similar formulation as Liberty ATZ Herbicide
Rat: LD50: 2,119 mg/kg
Slightly toxic.

Acute Dermal Toxicity
Based on a similar formulation as Liberty ATZ Herbicide
Rat: LD50: > 5,319 mg/kg
Practically non-toxic.

Acute Inhalation Toxicity
Based on a similar formulation as Liberty ATZ Herbicide
Female Rat: LC50: > 2.09 mg/l 4 h
Practically non-toxic.

Based on a similar formulation as Liberty ATZ Herbicide
Male Rat: LC50: 0.57 - 2.09 mg/l 4 h
Slightly toxic.

Skin Irritation
Based on a similar formulation as Liberty ATZ Herbicide
Rabbit: Non-irritating.
Primary irritation index = 0.13/8.0

Eye Irritation
Based on a similar formulation as Liberty ATZ Herbicide
Rabbit: Slightly irritating.
Max. Avg. Score = 18.5/110

Sensitization
Based on a similar formulation as Liberty ATZ Herbicide
Guinea pig: Non-sensitizing

NOTE: The severity classifications listed above are those of Bayer, and, particularly for eye irritation, may not always coincide with EPA-mandated Precautionary Statements.

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION ON ATRAZINE WAS OBTAINED FROM NOVARTIS, THE MANUFACTURER OF THIS INGREDIENT. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON THIS ACTIVE
Chronic Toxicity

Glufosinate-ammonium Technical:
No clear evidence of target organ toxicity was noted in studies with rats, mice or dogs. An adaptive increase in kidney weight was noted in several species but no functional or histopathological changes were observed. No-Observable-Effect-Levels (NOEL's) for the 1-year dog, 2.5-year rat and 2-year mouse studies were approximately 5 mg/kg/day, 2.1 mg/kg/day and 14 mg/kg/day, respectively. Glufosinate-ammonium was not carcinogenic in either rats or mice.

Atrazine:
Long term exposure to low levels of Atrazine is not known to cause any chronic ill effects in humans. An elevated incidence of mammary tumors was noted/observed in female Sprague-Dawley rats during a long-term feeding study with Atrazine Technical. This response did not occur in male Sprague-Dawley rats, F-344 male or female rats, or mice and is considered to be sex and strain specific. In other long-term feeding studies, very high doses of Atrazine caused signs of cardiotoxicity in dogs and mice. Ametabolite of Atrazine, 2,3-diamino-6-chloro-s-triazine (DACT) has caused cardiotoxicity in dogs at high doses.

Atrazine is classified by IARC as a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B; human evidence is inadequate, animal evidence is limited).

Assessment Carcinogenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>ATRAZINE 1912-24-9</th>
<th>Group A4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NTP</td>
<td>None</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IARC</td>
<td>ATRAZINE 1912-24-9</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>None</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reproductive & Developmental Toxicity

Glufosinate-ammonium Technical:
Evidence of developmental toxicity was noted in rats but only at dose levels that were also toxic to the mother. No developmental toxicity was noted in rabbits. The maternal and developmental NOEL’s were considered to be 10 and 50 mg/kg/day, respectively, in rats; and 6.3 and 20 mg/kg/day (highest dose tested), respectively, in rabbits. The parental and reproductive NOEl's in a 2-generation rat reproductive study were considered to be 40 ppm (approximately 4 mg/kg/day) and 120 (approximately 12 mg/kg/day), respectively, based on decreased kidney weights at 120 ppm and decreased litter size at 360 ppm.

Atrazine:
Atrazine caused no adverse reproductive effects over two generations of rats.

Neurotoxicity

Glufosinate-ammonium Technical:
Glufosinate-ammonium does not inhibit acetylcholinesterase activities. No evidence of delayed neurotoxicity was noted in hens. Neurobehavioral effects (e.g., hypersensitivity, tremors, convulsions) related to stimulation of the central
nervous system (CNS) were observed in some studies but only at lethal or near lethal dose levels.

**Teratogenicity**

Glufosinate-ammonium Technical:
No evidence of teratogenicity was noted in either rats or rabbits.

Atrazine:
Atrazine was not teratogenic in rats or rabbits.

**Mutagenicity**

Glufosinate-ammonium Technical:
No evidence of mutagenicity or other genetic effects was noted in a battery of in vitro or in vivo studies.

Atrazine:
Atrazine has been reported to cause mutagenic effects in barley seeds and corn plants, however, those findings have been successfully refuted, and weight-of-evidence evaluation of data from studies documented as reliable in determining mutagenic potential indicate that Atrazine is not a mutagen.

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**SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish

**Glufosinate-ammonium, the active ingredient**

- **Freshwater Fish & Invertebrates**
  - LC50: 560 to > 1000 mg/l

**Atrazine, the active ingredient**

- **Freshwater Fish & Invertebrates**
  - LC50: 4.9 - 42 mg/l
  - Atrazine's data was obtained from Novartis, the manufacturer of this active. For further information, please contact Novartis.

### Chronic Toxicity to Fish

**Atrazine, the active ingredient**

- **Fish**
  - Early Life Stages
  - MATC: 0.25 - 0.46 mg/l
  - Atrazine's data was obtained from Novartis, the manufacturer of this active. For further information, please contact Novartis.

### Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

**Glufosinate-ammonium, the active ingredient**

- **Marine and Estuarine Organisms**
  - LC50: 7.2 to > 125 mg/l

### Chronic Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

**Glufosinate-ammonium, the active ingredient**

- **Freshwater Invertebrates**
  - NOEC: 32 mg/l

**Atrazine, the active ingredient**

- **Invertebrates**
  - Life Cycle
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NOEC: 2.5 ppm
Atrazine’s data was obtained from Novartis, the manufacturer of this active. For further information, please contact Novartis.

**Toxicity Other Non-Mammal Terr. Species**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>LC50/MG/KG</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute Oral</td>
<td>Glufosinate-ammonium</td>
<td>Avian</td>
<td>&gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Dietary</td>
<td>Glufosinate-ammonium</td>
<td>Avian</td>
<td>&gt; 5,000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reproduction</td>
<td>Glufosinate-ammonium</td>
<td>Avian</td>
<td>NOEL: 400 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact</td>
<td>Honeybee</td>
<td>Glufosinate-ammonium</td>
<td>LD50: &gt; 600 ug/bee</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Atrazine's data was obtained from Novartis, the manufacturer of this active. For further information, please contact Novartis.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>LC50/MG/KG</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute Oral</td>
<td>Atrazine</td>
<td>Avian</td>
<td>&gt; 940 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Dietary</td>
<td>Atrazine</td>
<td>Avian</td>
<td>&gt; 5,000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reproduction</td>
<td>Atrazine</td>
<td>Avian</td>
<td>NOEL: 225 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Atrazine's data was obtained from Novartis, the manufacturer of this active. For further information, please contact Novartis.

**Stability in Water**

Glufosinate-ammonium, the active ingredient
Hydrolytic Half Life: > 300 days

**Photodegradation**

Glufosinate-ammonium, the active ingredient
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Half Life: > 300 d

Stability in Soil
Glufosinate-ammonium, the active ingredient
Soil Half Life: 6-23 days in field dissipation studies
Koc: 10-1229 (depending upon soil type)

Bioaccumulation
Glufosinate-ammonium, the active ingredient
BCF: 7

Environmental Precautions
(1) Do not mix or load this product within 50 feet of any streams, rivers, lakes or reservoirs.

(2) Do not mix or load this product, or rinse or wash containers within 50 feet of any well or sink hole unless conducted on an impervious, self-contained pad designed and maintained to contain any product spills or leaks, equipment rinse or washwater, and rain water that may fall on the pad.

(3) Do not apply this product directly to water, areas where surface water is present, or intertidal areas below the mean high water mark; or within 50 feet of any well, sink hole, intermittent or perennial stream, river, lake or reservoir.

(4) Do not apply this product to well-drained or very permeable sand or loamy soils where the water table (ground water) is very close to the surface.

(5) Do not apply this product within 66 feet of the points where field surface water runoff enters perennial or intermittent streams and rivers or within 200 ft. around natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. If this product is applied to highly erodible land, the 66-ft. buffer or setback from runoff entry points must be planted to crop, seeded with grass, or other suitable crop.

(6) Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas.

(7) Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

(8) See product label for further information.
Environmental Fate

Glufosinate-ammonium Technical:
Glufosinate-ammonium is very soluble in water and is hydrolytically and photolytically stable. Its mobility under laboratory conditions varies widely, depending upon the soil type. However, the results of numerous terrestrial field dissipation studies indicate that the potential for groundwater contamination is minimal. This appears to be primarily a result of its rapid degradation by microorganisms in the soil and a tendency to bind to certain soil elements resulting in no measurable leaching. Glufosinate-ammonium does not accumulate in fatty tissues of fish or other animals.

Atrazine Technical:
Atrazine can leach through soil and enter ground water. Contact Novartis for further information.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Disposal Guidance
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Wastes resulting from use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal
2 1/2 Gallon Container Only: Empty containers should be triple rinsed (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

15 Gallons, 60 Gallons, 120 Gallons & Bulk Containers Only: This is a sealed returnable container to be used only for Liberty ATZ Herbicide. When this container is empty, it must not be opened, cleaned, or discarded. Empty containers must be returned to the original purchase location.

RCRA Classification
Not Regulated under this Statute

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Pesticides, liquid, toxic, n.o.s., (Glufosinate Ammonium and Atrazine), 6.1, UN2902, PG III

DOT SHIPPING LABEL: Keep Away From Foodstuffs

Markings on box: Pesticides, liquid, toxic, n.o.s., UN2902, (Glufosinate Ammonium and Atrazine)

NOTE: For transport purposes (49 CFR Part 173.132), the calculated 1-Hour LC50 (Rat) is: > 2.28 mg/l and < 8.36 mg/l.
## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### US Federal

**EPA Registration No.**
264-668

**TSCA list**
- ATRAZINE: 1912-24-9
- Sodium laureth sulfate: 68585-34-2
- Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated: 68512-34-5
- Sodium xylenesulfonate: 1300-72-7

**TSCA 12b export notification**
None

**SARA Title III - section 302 - notification and information**
None

**SARA Title III - section 313 - toxic chemical release reporting**
- ATRAZINE: 1912-24-9 (1.0%)

### US States Regulatory

**CA Prop65**
This product does not contain any substances known to the State of California to cause cancer.

This product does not contain any substances known to the State of California to cause reproductive harm.

**US State right-to-know ingredients**
- ATRAZINE: 1912-24-9

### Canadian Regulations

**Canadian Registrat. No.**

**Canadian Domestic Substance List**
- ATRAZINE: 1912-24-9
- Sodium laureth sulfate: 68585-34-2
- Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated: 68512-34-5
- Sodium xylenesulfonate: 1300-72-7

### Environmental

**CERCLA**
None

**Clean Water Section 307 Priority Pollutants**
None

**Safe Drinking Water Act Maximum Contaminant Levels**
- ATRAZINE: 1912-24-9

### International Regulations

**EU Classification**
- ATRAZINE: 1912-24-9 (Harmful, Dangerous for the environment)
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R Phrases
May cause sensitization by skin contact. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

S Phrases
Keep out of the reach of children. Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances (EINECS)
- Glufosinate-ammonium 77182-82-2
- ATRAZINE 1912-24-9
- Sodium xylenesulfonate 1300-72-7

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Reactivity</th>
<th>Others</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HMIS</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NFPA</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

REVISED SECTIONS:
MSDS Revision Indicators: Company name change.

Print Date: 12/16/2002
Supersedes MSDS, which is older than: 12/16/2002

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