Annihilyte Ready-to-Use Hospital Disinfectant

Active ingredient HOCl derived from naturally-occurring salt minerals and water.

A New Generation of Disinfectant

Cleans, Deodorizes, Disinfects, and Kills:
- Clostridium difficile (C. diff) spores
- Mycobacterium bovis (Tuberculosis)
- Human Immune Deficiency Virus Type 1 (HIV-1)
- Klebsiella pneumonia New Delhi (NDM-1) Carbapenem Resistant
- Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA)
- Vancomycin Resistant Enterococcus faecalis (VRE)
(See back panel for additional organisms)

This product meets AOAC efficacy testing standards for hospital disinfection. Meets requirements of OSHA’s Bloodborne Pathogen Guidelines.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

NET CONTENTS: 1 U.S. Gallon

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DISINFECTION APPLICATIONS

Hard Non-Porous Surface Disinfection: To Clean, Disinfect and Deodorize Hard, Non-Porous Surfaces: For heavily soiled areas, a preliminary cleaning is required. Apply, Wipe, Spray or Dip Annihilyte at 500 ppm FAC to hard, non-porous surfaces with a cloth, wipe, mop or sponge. Treated surfaces must remain wet for 10 minutes. Allow surfaces to air dry. This product is not to be used as a terminal sterilizing agent on any surface or instrument that (1) is introduced directly into the human body, or (2) contacts intact mucous membranes but which does not ordinarily penetrate the blood barrier or otherwise enter normally sterile areas of the body. This product may be used to pre-clean or decontaminate critical or semi-critical devices prior to sterilization or high-level disinfection.

Special Instructions for Cleaning Prior to Disinfection against Clostridium difficile endospores
Personal Protection: Wear appropriate barrier protection such as gloves, gowns, masks, or eye covering.

Cleaning Procedure: Fecal matter/waste must be thoroughly cleaned from surfaces/objects before disinfection by application with clean cloth, mop, and/or sponge saturated with product intended for disinfection. Cleaning should include vigorous wiping and/or scrubbing, until visible soil is removed. Special attention is needed for high-touch surfaces. Surfaces in patient rooms are to be cleaned in an appropriate manner, such as from right to left or left to right, on horizontal surfaces, and top to bottom, on vertical surfaces, to minimize spreading of the spores. Restrooms are to be cleaned last. Do not reuse soiled cloths.

Infectious Materials Disposal: Cleaning materials used that may contain feces/wastes should be disposed of immediately in accordance with local regulations for infectious materials disposal.

For Killing Clostridium difficile spore: Clean hard, non-porous surfaces by removing gross filth, loose dirt, debris, blood/bodily fluids, etc. Apply this product and let stand for 10 minutes.

Special Instructions for Using this product to Clean and Decontaminate against HIV on Surfaces/Objects Soiled with Blood/Body Fluids
This product kills HIV-1 on pre-cleaned environmental surfaces/objects previously soiled with blood/body fluids in health care settings (e.g. hospitals, nursing homes) or other settings in which there is an expected likelihood of soiling of inanimate surfaces/objects with blood or body fluids, and in which the surfaces/objects likely to be inoculated with blood or body fluids can be associated with the potential for transmission of Human Immune Deficiency Virus Type 1 (HIV-1) associated with AIDS.

Personal Protection: When handling items soiled with blood or body fluids, use appropriate barrier protection such as disposable latex gloves, gowns, masks, and eye coverings.

Cleaning Procedure: Blood and other body fluids will be thoroughly cleaned from surfaces and other objects before applying this product.

Contact Time: Apply this product to area to be treated. Let stand for 10 minutes. Cleaning materials used that may contain feces/wastes should be disposed of immediately in accordance with local regulations for infectious materials disposal.

Disposal of Infectious Material: Blood and other body fluids must be autoclaved and disposed of according to local regulations for infectious waste disposal.