

For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,  
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300.  
For Medical Emergencies Only, Call 1-877-325-1840.

# Tenkoz Inc.

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name:** Tenkoz LoVol 4 Solventless Herbicide  
**Synonyms:** 2,4-D 2EHE; 2,4-D IOE; 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid, Isooctyl (2-ethylhexyl ester)  
**EPA Reg. No.:** 71368-14-55467  
**Company Name:** Tenkoz Inc.  
100 North point Center East  
Alpharetta, GA 30022  
Tel: 770-343-8509  
**Date of Issue:** January 25, 2007      **Supersedes:** April 10, 2000  
**Sections Revised:** New or updated information all sections

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### Emergency Overview:

**Appearance and Odor:** White to off-white colored liquid with a faint phenolic odor.

**Warning Statements:** Keep out of reach of children. CAUTION. Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through the skin or inhaled. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

### Potential Health Effects:

**Likely Routes of Exposure:** Inhalation, eye and skin contact.

**Eye Contact:** Slightly irritating. May cause irritation, redness, tearing.

**Skin Contact:** Slightly irritating. Overexposure by skin absorption may cause symptoms similar to those for ingestion.

**Ingestion:** Harmful if swallowed. May cause nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, decreased blood pressure, muscle weakness, muscle spasms.

**Inhalation:** Harmful if inhaled. May cause symptoms similar to those from ingestion.

**Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:** Inhalation of product may aggravate existing chronic respiratory problems such as asthma, emphysema or bronchitis. Skin contact may aggravate existing skin disease.

See Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION for more information.

### Potential Environmental Effects:

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and non-target plants.

See Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION for more information.

## 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT	CAS NO.	% BY WEIGHT
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid, isooctyl (2-ethylhexyl) ester	1928-43-4	62.6
Other Ingredients Including: Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	37.4

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

**If Swallowed:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**If on Skin:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**If in Eyes:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**If Inhaled:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

**Note to Physician:** This product contains a phenoxy herbicidal chemical. There is no specific antidote. All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

**5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Flash Point:** >212°F (100°C) Setaflash

**Autoignition Temperature:** Not determined

**Flammability Limits:** Not determined

**Extinguishing Media:** Recommended for large fires: foam or water spray. Recommended for small fires: dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

**Special Fire Fighting Procedures:** Firefighters should wear NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn out gear. Dike area to prevent runoff and contamination of water sources. Dispose of fire control water later.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Containers will burst from internal pressure under extreme fire conditions. If water is used to fight fire or cool containers, dike to prevent runoff contamination of municipal sewers and waterways.

**Hazardous Decomposition Materials (Under Fire Conditions):** May produce gases such as hydrogen chloride and oxides of nitrogen and carbon.

**National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Hazard Rating:**

**Rating for this product: Health: 2    Flammability: 1    Reactivity: 0**

Hazards Scale: 0 = Minimal    1 = Slight    2 = Moderate    3 = Serious    4 = Severe

**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Personal Precautions:** Wear appropriate protective gear for the situation. See Personal Protection information in Section 8.

**Environmental Precautions:** Prevent material from entering public sewer systems or any waterways. Do not flush to drain. Large spills to soil or similar surfaces may necessitate removal of topsoil. The affected area should be removed and placed in an appropriate container for disposal.

**Methods for Containment:** Dike spill using absorbent or impervious materials such as earth, sand or clay. Collect and contain contaminated absorbent and dike material for disposal.

**Methods for Cleanup and Disposal:** Pump any free liquid into an appropriate closed container. Collect washings for disposal. Decontaminate tools and equipment following cleanup. See Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS for more information.

**Other Information:** Large spills may be reportable to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to state and/or local agencies.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:**

Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) immediately after handling this product. Wash outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

If the container is over one gallon and less than five gallons, mixers and loaders who do not use a mechanical system (such as probe and pump) to transfer the contents of the container must also wear coveralls or a chemical-resistant apron in addition to other required PPE. If the container is five gallons or more in capacity, do not open pour product from the container. A mechanical system (such as a probe and pump or spigot) must be used for transferring the contents of the container. If the contents of a non-refillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal.

**Storage:**

Store in original container in a dry, secured storage area. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Engineering Controls:**

Where engineering controls are indicated by specific use conditions or a potential for excessive exposure, use local exhaust ventilation at the point of generation.

**Personal Protective Equipment:**

**Eye/Face Protection:** To avoid contact with eyes, wear chemical goggles or shielded safety glasses. An emergency eyewash or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area.

**Skin Protection:** To avoid contact with skin, wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, socks, shoes and waterproof gloves. When open pouring the product, also wear coveralls or a chemical-resistant apron. An emergency shower or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area.

**Respiratory Protection:** Not normally required. If vapors or mists exceed acceptable levels, wear NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with cartridges/canisters approved for use against pesticides.

**General Hygiene Considerations:** Personal hygiene is an important work practice exposure control measure and the following general measures should be taken when working with or handling this material: 1) do not store, use and/or consume foods, beverages, tobacco products, or cosmetics in areas where this material is stored; 2) wash hands and face carefully before eating, drinking, using tobacco, applying cosmetics or using the toilet.

**Exposure Guidelines:**

Component	OSHA		ACGIH		Unit
	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	
2,4-D 2EHE	10*	NE	10*	NE	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ethylene Glycol	NE	NE	NE	100 (C) Aerosol Only	mg/m <sup>3</sup>

\*Based on adopted limit for 2,4-D  
C = Ceiling

NE = Not Established

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Appearance and Odor:** White to off-white colored liquid with a faint phenolic odor.

<b>Boiling Point:</b>	Not determined	<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	Emulsifiable
<b>Density:</b>	9.1 pounds/gallon	<b>Specific Gravity:</b>	1.099 @ 20°C
<b>Evaporation Rate:</b>	Not determined	<b>Vapor Density:</b>	Not determined
<b>Freezing Point:</b>	Not determined	<b>Vapor Pressure:</b>	Not determined
<b>pH:</b>	7.5 to 8.5	<b>Viscosity:</b>	Not determined

**Note:** Physical data are typical values, but may vary from sample to sample. A typical value should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis or as a specification.

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Chemical Stability:** This material is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Excessive heat. Do not store near heat or flame.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong oxidizing agents: bases and acids.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Under fire conditions may produce gases such as hydrogen chloride and oxides of nitrogen and carbon.

**Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION****Toxicological Data:**

Data from laboratory studies on this product are summarized below:

**Oral:** Rat LD<sub>50</sub>: 1,971 mg/kg

**Dermal:** Rabbit LD<sub>50</sub>: >2,000 mg/kg

**Inhalation:** Rat 4-hr LC<sub>50</sub>: >0.855 mg/l (maximum attainable concentration)

**Eye Irritation:** Rabbit: Slightly irritating

**Skin Irritation:** Rabbit: Slightly irritating

**Subchronic (Target Organ) Effects:** Repeated overexposure to phenoxy herbicides may cause effects to liver, kidneys, blood chemistry, and gross motor function. Rare cases of peripheral nerve damage have been reported, but extensive animal studies have failed to substantiate these observations, even at high doses for prolonged periods.

**Carcinogenicity / Chronic Health Effects:** Prolonged overexposure to phenoxy herbicides can cause liver, kidney and muscle damage. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) lists exposure to chlorophenoxy herbicides as a class 2B carcinogen, the category for limited evidence for carcinogenicity in humans. However, more current 2,4-D lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice did not show carcinogenic potential. The U.S. EPA has given 2,4-D a Class D classification (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity). Overexposure to ethylene glycol may affect kidneys, liver, and central nervous system and has been associated with metabolic acidosis.

**Reproductive Toxicity:** No impairment of reproductive function attributable to 2,4-D has been noted in laboratory animal studies.

**Developmental Toxicity:** Studies in laboratory animals with 2,4-D have shown decreased fetal body weights and delayed development in the offspring at doses toxic to mother animals.

**Genotoxicity:** There have been some positive and some negative studies, but the weight of evidence is that 2,4-D is not mutagenic.

**Assessment Carcinogenicity:**

This product contains substances that are considered to be probable or suspected human carcinogens as follows:

Component	Regulatory Agency Listing As Carcinogen			
	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Chlorophenoxy Herbicides	No	2B	No	No

See Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION for more information.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Ecotoxicity:

Data on 2,4-D 2EHE:

96-hour LC <sub>50</sub> Bluegill:	>5 mg/l	Bobwhite Quail Oral LD <sub>50</sub> :	>5,620 mg/kg
96-hour LC <sub>50</sub> Rainbow Trout:	7.2 mg/l	Mallard Duck 8-day Dietary LC <sub>50</sub> :	>5,620 ppm
48-hour EC <sub>50</sub> Daphnia:	>5 mg/l		

### Environmental Fate:

In laboratory and field studies, 2,4-D 2-ethylhexyl ester rapidly de-esterified to parent acid in the environment. The typical half-life of the resultant 2,4-D acid ranged from a few days to a few weeks.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Waste Disposal Method:

Pesticides wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

### Container Handling and Disposal:

Do not reuse empty container. Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

## 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Follow the precautions indicated in Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE of this MSDS.

### DOT

#### ≤ 17.5 gallons per complete package

Non Regulated - See 49 CFR 173.132(b)(3) & 172.101 Appendix A

#### > 17.5 gallons per complete package

RQ, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.  
(2,4 DICHLOROPHENOXYACETIC ACID), 9, UN 3082, III

See 49 CFR 172.101 Appendix A

### IMDG

Non Regulated – See IMDG 2.6.2.1.3

### IATA

Non Regulated – See IATA 3.6.1.5.3.

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION****U.S. Federal Regulations:**

**TSCA Inventory:** This product is exempted from TSCA because it is solely for FIFRA regulated use.

**SARA Hazard Notification/Reporting:****Hazard Categories Under Criteria of SARA Title III Rules (40 CFR Part 370):**

Immediate, Delayed

**Section 313 Toxic Chemical(s):**

2,4-D 2-ethylhexyl ester (CAS No. 1928-43-4)- 62.6% by weight in product  
Ethylene Glycol (CAS No. 107-21-1), < 2.5% by weight in product

**Reportable Quantity (RQ) under U.S. CERCLA:**

Acetic Acid, (2,4-Dichlorophenoxy)- (CAS No. 94-75-7) 100 pounds  
Ethylene Glycol (CAS No. 107-21-1) 5,000 pounds

**RCRA Waste Code:**

Acetic Acid, (2,4-Dichlorophenoxy)- (CAS No. 94-75-7) U240

**State Information:**

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements.

**California Proposition 65:** Not listed.

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) serves different purposes than and DOES NOT REPLACE OR MODIFY THE EPA-ACCEPTED PRODUCT LABELING (attached to and accompanying the product container). This MSDS provides important health, safety and environmental information for employers, employees, emergency responders and others handling large quantities of the product in activities generally other than product use, while the labeling provides that information specifically for product use in the ordinary course.

Use, storage and disposal of pesticide products are regulated by the EPA under the authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) through the product labeling, and all necessary and appropriate precautionary, use, storage, and disposal information is set forth on that labeling. It is a violation of Federal law to use a pesticide product in any manner not prescribed on the EPA-accepted label.

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