**ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Active Ingredient</th>
<th>Weight (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thifensulfuron Methyl</td>
<td>37.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tribenuron Methyl</td>
<td>18.75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metsulfuron Methyl</td>
<td>15.00%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL**

100.0%

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

**CAUTION**

IN CASE OF A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, CALL TOLL FREE, DAY OR NIGHT, 1-866-303-6950

Read the entire label before using this product. Use only according to label instructions. If terms are not acceptable, return product unopened without delay.

SEE BOOKLET FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND USE DIRECTIONS.

EPA Reg. No.: 67760-75
EPA Est. No.: 
Manufactured for: Cheminova, Inc.
One Park Drive, Suite 150
P.O. Box 110566
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709
www.cheminova.us.com

ACCURATE® is a registered trademark of Cheminova A/S

EPA Reg. No.: 67760-76
EPA Est. No.: 
Manufactured for: Cheminova, Inc.
One Park Drive, Suite 150
P.O. Box 110566
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709
www.cheminova.us.com

ACCURATE® is a registered trademark of Cheminova A/S
scales calibrated in ounces. The degree of accuracy of this cylinder varies by ± 7.5%. For more precise measurement, use ACCURATE EXTRA is measured using the ACCURATE EXTRA volumetric measuring cylinder.

The herbicidal action of ACCURATE EXTRA may be less effective on weeds stressed from competitive. In cold, dry conditions, expression of herbicide symptoms is delayed. (2 to 5 weeks for wild garlic), leaves of susceptible plants appear chlorotic, and the growing ACCURATE EXTRA is absorbed through the roots and foliage of plants, rapidly inhibiting the weed size at application weed spectrum and infestation intensity. The best control is obtained when ACCURATE EXTRA is applied to young, actively growing ACCURATE EXTRA Herbicide is a dry flowable granule that is used for selective postemer- otherwise by supplemental labeling. Your state extension or Department of Agriculture before use to be certain that ACCURATE Cheminova will not be responsible for losses or damages resulting from the use of this product. ACCURATE EXTRA must be used only in accordance with instructions on this label or in supplemental Cheminova publications. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

PESTICIDE HANDLING

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

- Calibrate sprayers only with clean water away from the well site.
- Make scheduled blocks of spray equipment.
- Ensure that all equipment operators accurately measure pesticides.
- Mix inorganic acid products at 2% of 50% and 5% of 30%.
- Ensure coating of spray tank.
- Do not discharge excess material on the soil at a single point in the field or mixing/loading station.
- Avoid storage of pesticides near wells sites.

ACCURATE EXTRA must be used only in accordance with instructions on this label or in supplemental Cheminova publications. Cheminova will not be responsible for losses or damages resulting from the use of this product in any manner not specifically specified by Cheminova. ACCURATE EXTRA is used on barley, barley, triticale and fallow in most states. Check with your state extension or Department of Agriculture before use to be certain that ACCURATE EXTRA is registered for use in your state. ACCURATE EXTRA is not registered for use in Alameda, Contra, Costa, Rio Grande, and San Francisco counties of California unless use is directed otherwise by supplemental labeling.

GENERAL INFORMATION

ACCURATE EXTRA Herbicida is a dry flowable granule that is used for selective postemergence control of grasses and broadleaf weeds in wheat and barley. ACCURATE EXTRA is primarily used for treatment of these weeds.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store the product in original container only. Do not contaminate water, other pesticides, fertilizer, feed or food in storage. PESTICIDE HANDLING: Do not apply directly to water. To areas where surface water is present or to interstitial areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wastewater.

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES: • Wash eyes and immediately wash with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue to wash. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If the product contains oil with water when using a preapplication control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-363-6950 for emergency medical treatment information.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more information, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA drift-resistance category chart.

Acetators and other handlers must wear: long sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks, and chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride. Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions are available, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water. To areas where surface water is present or to interstitial areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wastewater.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.
WEEDS CONTROLED
ACCURATE EXTRA® effectively controls the following weeds when used according to the label directions:

**WEEDS PARTIALLY CONTROLLED**

ACCURATE EXTRA® may be tank mixed with other suitable registered herbicides to control weeds listed as partially controlled, weeds resistant to ACCURATE EXTRA®, or weeds not listed under WEEDS CONTROLED.

*See SPECIFIC WEED PROFILES for more information.

**Partial control: a visual reduction of weed population as well as a significant loss of yield. For better results, use the highest specified rate of ACCURATE EXTRA® and include a tank mix partner such as 2,4-D, MCPA, bromoxynil (such as “Buctril,” “Bison,” or “Bronate Advanced”) or Dicamba (such as “Banvel”). For best results, use 2,4-D or MCPA (preferably ester formulations). See below for use rates of 2,4-D or MCPA.\* Naturally occurring resistant biotypes of weeds, pinklytus and Russian thistle are known to be resistant to ACCURATE EXTRA®. See the TANK MIXTURES and SPECIFIC WEED Profiles section of this label for additional details.

**TANK MIXTURES**

ACCURATE EXTRA® may be tank mixed with other suitable registered herbicides to control weeds listed as partially controlled, weeds resistant to ACCURATE EXTRA®, or weeds not listed under WEEDS CONTROLED.

**NOTE:** Read and follow all manufacturers’ label instructions for any companion herbicides, fungicides, and/or insecticides. If those instructions conflict with this label, do not use ACCURATE EXTRA® in tank mixtures.

**With Bromoxynil (such as “Buctril,” “Bronate,” “Bison” or “Bronate Advanced”)**

ACCURATE EXTRA® may be tank mixed with bromoxynil containing herbicides registered for use on wheat, barley, triticale, and barley. For best results, use bromoxynil containing herbicides, the tank at 4 oz. to 8 oz. active ingredient per acre (such as “Bronate” or “Buctril”) at 1–2.0 lb. per acre.

**Tank mixtures of ACCURATE EXTRA plus Bromoxynil may result in reduced control of Canada thistle.**

**READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.**

**With “Starane,” “Starane + Salvo,” or “Starane + Sword”**

For improved control of Canada thistle*, “Everest” herbicide may be tank mixed with 1/3 or 2/3 pt. per acre of “Starane,” 2/3 to 1 1/3 pt. per acre of “Starane + Salvo,” 3/4 to 1 1/2 pt. per acre of “Starane + Sword.” Refer to the DuPont herbicide label, and the “Starane,” “Starane + Salvo,” or “Starane + Sword” labels for information regarding use restrictions, labeled crops, rotational cropping schemes, sprayer clean-up, use precautions and other information. The most restrictive provisions on either label will apply. Do not use the tank mix if any restrictions on the labels conflict with instructions on the Cheminova herbicide label.

**With Dicamba (such as “Banvel”)**

2,4-D and MCPA herbicides (preferably water formulation) may be tank mixed with “Starane,” consult local guidance and the TANK MIXTURES section of this label for additional information.

**READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.**

**With “Mavrick”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Mavrick” herbicide for improved control of weeds in wheat. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Axxon”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Axxon” herbicide for improved control of weeds in wheat, barley, triticale, and barley. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Stinger,” “Curtilt,” “Curtilt M” or “Wildmaster”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Stinger,” “Curtilt,” “Curtilt M,” or “Wildmaster” herbicide for improved control of weeds in wheat, barley and triticale. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Everest”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Everest” herbicide for improved control of weeds in spring wheat. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Discover NG”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Discover NG” herbicide for improved control of weeds in spring wheat. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Assert” Herbicide or “Avenge” Herbicide**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Assert” or “Avenge” herbicide. When mixing ACCURATE EXTRA® with “Assert,” always include another broadleaf weed herbicide with a different mode of action (for example: 2,4-D, MCPA ester, or bromoxynil such as “Buctril,” “Bronate,” or “Bronate Advanced”). Applications of ACCURATE EXTRA® plus “Assert” may cause temporary crop discoloration, stunting, or injury when heavy rainfall occurs shortly after application. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Puma”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Puma” herbicide for improved control of weeds in wheat, barley, triticale, and barley. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Starane,” “Starane + Salvo,” or “Starane + Sword”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® may be tank mixed with “Starane,” “Starane + Salvo,” or “Starane + Sword” herbicide. Consult local guidance and the TANK MIXTURES section of this label for additional information.

**With “Buctril,” “Bison,” or “Bronate”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® may be tank mixed with “Buctril,” “Bison,” or “Bronate” herbicide. Consult local guidance and the TANK MIXTURES section of this label for additional information.

**With “Buctril,” or “Bronate Advanced”**

Applications of ACCURATE EXTRA® plus “Buctril” or “Bronate Advanced” may cause temporary crop discoloration, stunting, or injury when heavy rainfall occurs shortly after application. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Assert” Herbicide or “Avenge” Herbicide**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Assert” or “Avenge” herbicide. When mixing ACCURATE EXTRA® with “Assert,” always include another broadleaf weed herbicide with a different mode of action (for example: 2,4-D, MCPA ester, or bromoxynil such as “Buctril,” “Bronate,” or “Bronate Advanced”). Applications of ACCURATE EXTRA® plus “Assert” may cause temporary crop discoloration, stunting, or injury when heavy rainfall occurs shortly after application. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Mavrick”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Mavrick” herbicide for improved control of weeds in wheat. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Axxon”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Axxon” herbicide for improved control of weeds in wheat, barley, triticale, and barley. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Stinger,” “Curtilt,” “Curtilt M,” or “Wildmaster”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Stinger,” “Curtilt,” “Curtilt M,” or “Wildmaster” herbicide for improved control of weeds in wheat, barley and triticale. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Everest”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Everest” herbicide for improved control of weeds in spring wheat. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Discover NG”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Discover NG” herbicide for improved control of weeds in spring wheat. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Assert” Herbicide or “Avenge” Herbicide**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Assert” or “Avenge” herbicide. When mixing ACCURATE EXTRA® with “Assert,” always include another broadleaf weed herbicide with a different mode of action (for example: 2,4-D, MCPA ester, or bromoxynil such as “Buctril,” “Bronate,” or “Bronate Advanced”). Applications of ACCURATE EXTRA® plus “Assert” may cause temporary crop discoloration, stunting, or injury when heavy rainfall occurs shortly after application. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Puma”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Puma” herbicide for improved control of weeds in wheat, barley, triticale, and barley. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Starane,” “Starane + Salvo,” or “Starane + Sword”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® may be tank mixed with “Starane,” “Starane + Salvo,” or “Starane + Sword” herbicide. Consult local guidance and the TANK MIXTURES section of this label for additional information.

**With “Buctril,” or “Bronate Advanced”**

Applications of ACCURATE EXTRA® plus “Buctril” or “Bronate Advanced” may cause temporary crop discoloration, stunting, or injury when heavy rainfall occurs shortly after application. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Assert” Herbicide or “Avenge” Herbicide**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Assert” or “Avenge” herbicide. When mixing ACCURATE EXTRA® with “Assert,” always include another broadleaf weed herbicide with a different mode of action (for example: 2,4-D, MCPA ester, or bromoxynil such as “Buctril,” “Bronate,” or “Bronate Advanced”). Applications of ACCURATE EXTRA® plus “Assert” may cause temporary crop discoloration, stunting, or injury when heavy rainfall occurs shortly after application. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Mavrick”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Mavrick” herbicide for improved control of weeds in wheat. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Axxon”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Axxon” herbicide for improved control of weeds in wheat, barley, triticale, and barley. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Stinger,” “Curtilt,” “Curtilt M,” or “Wildmaster”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Stinger,” “Curtilt,” “Curtilt M,” or “Wildmaster” herbicide for improved control of weeds in wheat, barley and triticale. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Everest”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Everest” herbicide for improved control of weeds in spring wheat. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Discover NG”**

ACCURATE EXTRA® can be tank mixed with “Discover NG” herbicide for improved control of weeds in spring wheat. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With insecticide**

ACCURATE EXTRA® may be tank mixed with insecticide used sequentially with ACCURATE EXTRA® for use on cereals. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With fungicide**

ACCURATE EXTRA® may be tank mixed with fungicide sequentially registered for use on cereals. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.

**With “Buctril,” or “Bronate Advanced”**

Applications of ACCURATE EXTRA® plus “Buctril” or “Bronate Advanced” may cause temporary crop discoloration, stunting, or injury when heavy rainfall occurs shortly after application. \*READ NOTE above for general precautions with tank mix products.
SPECIFIC WEED PROBLEMS

Note: Thorough spray coverage of all weed species listed below is very important. 

**Dial Muster and Tansymustard:**
- For best results, use 0.3-0.4 ounces per acre and apply ACCURATE EXTRA in tank mixes with 2,4-D or MCPA (postemergence), but do not apply ACCURATE EXTRA in tank mixes with 2,4-D or MCPA (preemergence), but do not apply ACCURATE EXTRA in tank mixes with 2,4-D or MCPA (preemergence). 
- Accurate Extra is also effective in a non-ionic surfactant-type spray adjuvant. 
- For best results, use 0.3-0.4 ounces per acre and apply when weeds are actively growing, use a spray volume of at least 25 gal/acre (300 gallons/acre). 
- For non-Premier and Premier crops, use 0.3-0.4 ounces per acre and apply when weeds are actively growing. 
- For best results, use 0.4 ounces per acre and apply ACCURATE EXTRA when weeds are actively growing. 
- For best results, use 0.4 ounces per acre and apply when weeds are actively growing. 
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**Ammonium Nitrogen Fertilizer**
- Use 0.4 ounces per acre of high-quality ammonium nitrate (AN) or 30% AN or 2 lb./acre of a spray-grade ammonium sulfate (AMS). Use 4 lb./acre UAN or 4 lb./acre AMS under conditions.

**GROUND APPLICATION**

For optimum spray distribution and thorough coverage, use flat-fan or low-volume flood nozzles. For flat-fan nozzles, use a spray volume of at least 25 gal./acre (300 gallons/acre). 
- For flood nozzles on 30" spacings, use at least 10 GPA; flood nozzle no larger than TK10 (or the equivalent), and a pressure of at least 20 psi. For 40" nozzle spacings, use at least 15 GPA for 60" spacings, use at least 20 GPA. It is essential to overlap the nozzles 100% for all spacings. 
- "Flashing" will not occur if not intended for ACCURATE EXTRA applications, because weed control performance may be reduced. 

**USE SCALES THAT ARE 30-OR-LARGER.**

**ADDITIONAL APPLICATIONS**

Use nozzle types and arrangements that provide optimum spray distribution and maximum coverage at 1 to 2 GPA. Use at least 5 GPA in Idaho, Oregon, Washington, or Utah. 

**SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS**

ACCURATE EXTRA can be applied either before or after applications of other pesticides registered for use in wheat, barley, triticale, or triticale. Read and follow all label instructions on timing, precautions, and warnings for these herbicides before using these in sequence with ACCURATE EXTRA. If these instructions conflict with this label, do not use that product in sequence with ACCURATE EXTRA. 

**CROP ROTATION**

Before using ACCURATE EXTRA, carefully consider your crop rotation plans and options. For rotational flexibility, do not treat all of your acres at the same time.

**Soil pH Limitations**

Soil pH EXTRAS should not be used on soils having a pH above 7.5, as extended soil residual activity could extend crop rotation intervals beyond normal. Under certain conditions, ACCURATE EXTRA could remain in the soil up to 1 year following application. In addition, other crops planted in high-pH soils can be extremely sensitive to low concentrations of ACCURATE EXTRA. 

**Checking Soil pH**

For aerial application in Washington, follow the directions in the SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT Section of this label and the following Washington state restrictions: 
- Applications of ACCURATE EXTRA must be made in equipment that meets the most restrictive Washington Agriculture Code (WAC) for the prevention of herbicide drift for the respective county. 
- Do not apply in equipment that does not meet these WAC standards.

**SPRAY ADJUVANTS**

Include a spray adjuvant with applications of ACCURATE EXTRA. In addition, an ammonium nitrate (AN) fertilizer may be used.

Consult your Ag dealer or applicator prior to using an adjuvant system. If another herbicide is tank mixed with ACCURATE EXTRA, select adjuvants authorized for use with both products. Products must contain only EPA-registered ingredients (EPA 1950). 

**Nonionic Surfactant (NIS)**
- Apply 0.5 to 1.0% volume/volume (52 to 104 psig of spray solution). 
- For non-Premier and Premier crops, tank mix with 2,4-D, MCPA, or MCPA + 2,4-D. 
- For non-Premier and Premier crops, tank mix with 2,4-D, MCPA, or MCPA + 2,4-D. 
- For non-Premier and Premier crops, tank mix with 2,4-D, MCPA, or MCPA + 2,4-D. 
- For non-Premier and Premier crops, tank mix with 2,4-D, MCPA, or MCPA + 2,4-D. 
- For non-Premier and Premier crops, tank mix with 2,4-D, MCPA, or MCPA + 2,4-D. 
- For non-Premier and Premier crops, tank mix with 2,4-D, MCPA, or MCPA + 2,4-D. 
- For non-Premier and Premier crops, tank mix with 2,4-D, MCPA, or MCPA + 2,4-D. 

**Crop Soil pH**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Soil pH</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Durum wheat, barley, spring/winter oat</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild buckwheat</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partridge pea</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blueberry, wild buckwheat</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild garlic</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT**

For aerial application in Washington, follow the directions in the SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT Section of this label and the following Washington state restrictions: 
- Applications of ACCURATE EXTRA must be made in equipment that meets the most restrictive Washington Agriculture Code (WAC) for the prevention of herbicide drift for the respective county. 
- Do not apply in equipment that does not meet these WAC standards.

**ALL AREAS – FOLLOWING USE OF ACCURATE EXTRA AT 0.21 TO 0.4 OUNCES PER ACRE**

- Winter, spring wheat and triticale: No restrictions 
- Barley, barley, spring/winter oat: No restrictions 

**CONCISE INFORMATION**

For opt.imum spray distribution and thorough coverage, use flat-fan or low-volume flood nozzles. For flat-fan nozzles, use a spray volume of at least 25 gal./acre (300 gallons/acre).

For flood nozzles on 30" spacings, use at least 10 GPA; flood nozzle no larger than TK10 (or the equivalent), and a pressure of at least 20 psi. For 40" nozzle spacings, use at least 15 GPA for 60" spacings, use at least 20 GPA. It is essential to overlap the nozzles 100% for all spacings.

**PLANTING</div>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>County or Area</th>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Soil pH</th>
<th>Minimum Cumulative Precipitation (inches)</th>
<th>Minimum Rotation Interval (months)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colorado</td>
<td>Statewide</td>
<td>Grain sorghum</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Flax, Safflower</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Generally N. of I-10</td>
<td>Field corn</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Statewide</td>
<td>Soybean</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Proso Millet</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Idaho</td>
<td>Southern Idaho</td>
<td>Flax, Safflower</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Statewide</td>
<td>Pea, Lentil, Carola</td>
<td>6.9 or lower</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Pea</td>
<td>6.9 to 7.9</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Lentil</td>
<td>6.9 to 7.9</td>
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<td>34</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Carola</td>
<td>6.9 to 7.9</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>34</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Combined Mustard</td>
<td>7.3 or lower</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Chickpea (Garbanzo bean)</td>
<td>7.3 or lower</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Combined Mustard</td>
<td>7.4 or higher</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>34</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Chickpea (Garbanzo bean)</td>
<td>7.4 or higher</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>34</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas</td>
<td>Statewide</td>
<td>Soybean</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IR Corn</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Proso millet</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Grain sorghum</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Western Kansas; Generally E. of I-70</td>
<td>Field corn</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Western Kansas; W. of I-70</td>
<td>Soybeans</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Central Kansas; W. of I-10 and E. of the Flint Hills</td>
<td>Soybeans</td>
<td>7.9 or lower</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rotation Intervals For Crops In Non-Irrigated Land Following Use Of ACCURATE EXTRA At 0.21 To 0.4 Oz. Per Acre On Wheat, Barley, Triticale Or Fallow
Rotation Intervals For Crops In Non-Irrigated Land Following Use Of ACCURATE EXTRA At 0.21 To 0.4 Oz. Per Acre On Wheat, Barley, Triticale Or Fallow (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>County or Area</th>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Soil pH</th>
<th>Minimum Cumulative Precipitation (inches)</th>
<th>Minimum Rotation Interval (months)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td>Statewide</td>
<td>Lentil, Canola</td>
<td>6.0 or lower</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Lentil</td>
<td>6.0-7.0</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Canola</td>
<td>6.0-7.0</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Condo Mustard</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Chickpeas (Garbanzo)</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Condo Mustard</td>
<td>7.4 or higher</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>34</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Chickpeas (Garbanzo)</td>
<td>7.4 or higher</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>34</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota</td>
<td>statewide</td>
<td>Flax, Safflower</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Grain sorghum, Proso millet</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Field corn</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>Statewide</td>
<td>STS Soybean</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Bt Corn</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Proso millet</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Grain sorghum</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Safflower</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Field corn</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Cotton (dryland only)</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Cotton (dryland only)</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Cotton (dryland only)</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>Statewide</td>
<td>Flax, Safflower</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rotation Intervals For Crops not covered above – The minimum rotation interval is 34 months with at least 28” of cumulative precipitation during the period:

- To any major field crop not listed (see the Rotation Intervals table)
- If the soil pH is not in the specified range
- If the use rate applied is not specified in the table
- Or if the minimum cumulative precipitation has not occurred since application.

To rotate to a major field crop at an interval shorter than specified, a field bioassay must be successfully completed before rotation to any minor crops (as determined by the USDA criteria). See section on Field Bioassay for further information.

Rotation Intervals For Crops Not Covered Above Up To 0.3 Ounces Per Acre On Wheat, Barley, Triticale Or Fallow In The States Of Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, New Mexico, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Texas And Wyoming

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>County or Area</th>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Soil pH</th>
<th>Minimum Cumulative Precipitation (inches)</th>
<th>Minimum Rotation Interval (months)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>Statewide</td>
<td>Lentil, Canola</td>
<td>6.0 or lower</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Lentil</td>
<td>6.0-7.0</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Canola</td>
<td>6.0-7.0</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Condo Mustard</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Chickpeas (Garbanzo)</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Condo Mustard</td>
<td>7.4 or higher</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>34</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Chickpeas (Garbanzo)</td>
<td>7.4 or higher</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>34</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyoming</td>
<td>Statewide</td>
<td>Flax, Safflower</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td>22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Grain sorghum, Proso millet</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Field corn</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Grain sorghum, Proso millet, Field corn</td>
<td>7.0 or lower</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rotation Intervals for crops not covered above (up to 0.3 ounces per acre) – The minimum rotation interval is 34 months with at least 28” of cumulative precipitation during the period:

- To any major field crop not listed (see the Rotation Intervals table)
- If the soil pH is not in the specified range
- If the use rate applied is not specified in the table
- Or if the minimum cumulative precipitation has not occurred since application.

To rotate to a major field crop at an interval shorter than specified, a field bioassay must be successfully completed before rotation to any minor crops (as determined by the USDA criteria). See section on Field Bioassay for further information.
Rotation Intervals For Crops In Non-Irrigated Land Following Use Of ACCURATE EXTRA At 0.2 Qu succesfully compete with weed growth, it is recom- mended that the above guidelines be followed. In addition, if ACCU RATE EXTRA is used for seed bed preparation, follow the cleanout procedure for pesticide residue removal.

To avoid subsequent injury to desirable crops, thoroughly clean all mixing and spray equipment immediately following applications of ACCURATE EXTRA as follows:

1. Drain tank, thoroughly mix spray tanks, boom, and hoses with clean water. Loosen and physically remove any visible deposits.
2. Fill the tank with clean water and 1 gal of household ammonia (containing 3% active ingredient) for every 10gal. of water. Flush the hoses, boom and nozzle with the cleaning solution. Then add more water to completely fill the tank. Circulate the cleaning solution through the tank and recirculate for 30 min. Flush the hoses, boom, and nozzle again with the cleaning solution, and then drain the tank.
3. Remove the nozzles and screens and clean separately in a bucket containing cleaning agent and water.
4. Repeat step 2.
5. Rinse the tank, boom, and hoses with clean water.
6. If ammonia is used as a cleaner, the residue solution may be applied back to the crop(s) listed on this label. Do not exceed the maximum labeled use rate. If other cleaners are used, consult the cleaner label for mixing instructions. If no instructions are given, dispose of the residue on or at an approved waste disposal facility.
7. Equivalent amounts of an alternate-strength ammonia solution can be used in the cleaning procedure. Carefully read and follow the individual cleaner instructions. Consult your agricultural dealer or applicator for a listing of approved cleaners.

Notes:
1. Do not use straight bleach with ammonia, as dangerous gases will form. Do not clean equipment in an enclosed area.
2. Steam-cleaning aerial spray tanks is recommended prior to performing the above cleanout procedure to facilitate the removal of any caked deposits.
3. When ACCURATE EXTRA is tank-mixed with other pesticides, all required cleanout procedures should be followed and the most rigorous procedure should be used.
4. In addition to the clean-up procedure, all precautionary guidelines on subsequently applied products should be followed as per the individual labels.
5. Where routine spray cleaning practices include shared equipment frequently being switched between ACCURATE EXTRA and applications of other pesticides to ACCURATE EXTRA-containing crops during the same spray season, it is recommended that a sprayer be dedicated to ACCURATE EXTRA to further reduce the chance of drift injury.

Spray drift management: The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making application decisions, thereby avoiding the potential for drift injury. ADJUSTING DROPLET SIZE: The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets (150 - 200 microns). The trend in drift management is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. The presence of scattered spots on the canopy, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. APPLYING LARGER DROPLET SIZE REDUCES DRIFT POTENTIAL, BUT WILL NOT PREVENT DRIFT IF APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN IMPROPERLY CHLOURED ENVIRONMENTS. IMPROVED ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS: Spray wind, temperature and humidity, and temperature inversions sections of this label
Controlling Drip Size – General Techniques

- **Volume** – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. nozzle with a large capacity can produce large droplets.
- **Pressure** – Use the lower spray pressure recommended for the nozzle. high pressure reduces spray drift and does not improve canopy penetration. **HIGHER FLOW RATES ARE REQUIRED AT LOWER PRESSURES.**
- **Nozzle Size** – Use a nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Use nozzle sizes that produce uniform coverage.
- **Nozzle Type** – Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, decrease spray angle to produce smaller droplets. Consider using low-drip nozzles.

Controlling Drip Size – Aircraft

- **Number of Nozzles** – Use the minimum number of nozzles with the highest flow rate that provide uniform coverage.
- **Nozzle Orientation** – Orient the nozzle so that the spray is directed backward, parallel to the ailerons where the chemical may be washed or moved into ground water. For ground equipment, the boom length should not exceed 3/4 of the wings or rotor length – longer booms increase drift potential.
- **Application Height** – Application more than 10 ft above the crops increases the potential for spray drift.

**BOOM HEIGHT**

Setting the boom at the lowest labeled height (if specified) which provides uniform coverage reduces drift potential. Adjusting height of the applicator to a suitable height will reduce the risk of spray drift.

**TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

**TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS**

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain closer to the ground and move laterally in a contaminated cloud. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog or an absence of afternoon thunderstorms. Since that sun and wind mix the air, a temperature inversion forms at night when there is no mixing, or during the late afternoon when there is no mixing, or when the morning fog dissipates.

**SHELDING SPRAYERS**

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. Shielding is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with uniform deposition of the spray.

**AIR ASSISTED (AIR BLAST) FIELD CROP SPRAYERS**

Air assisted field crop sprayers carry droplets to the target via a downward directed air stream. Some air assisted sprayers have both a downward directed air stream and a downwelling air stream. Traditional downwelling air systems direct the air straight down, while other directions are possible. The downward directed air stream is preferable as it is less likely to produce drift.

**REPELLENT USE**

More than one spray application may be necessary to properly control or prevent drift of any type. The user should be aware of any drift potential of the agrochemical and take appropriate measures to reduce drift potential.

- **For ground applications applied when dry, dusty field conditions exist, control of weeds in wheel tracks may be reduced.** The addition of 2,4-D or MCPA may improve weed control under these conditions.
- **For air applications applied when dry, dusty field conditions exist, control of weeds in wheel tracks may be reduced.** The addition of 2,4-D or MCPA may improve weed control under these conditions.
- **Precautions**

- **ACCURATE EXTRA is only registered on wheat, barley, triticale, and field. Do not use on any other crop.**
- **Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation equipment or to irrigated land where behavior will be used to irrigate crops other than wheat, barley, and triticale.**
- **Do not apply this product to wheat, barley, or triticale that is stressed by severe weather conditions, drought, or water saturation, soil disease, or insect damage, as crop injury may result.**
- **For ground applications applied when dry, dusty field conditions exist, control of weeds in wheel tracks may be reduced.** The addition of 2,4-D or MCPA may improve weed control under these conditions.
- **For air applications applied when dry, dusty field conditions exist, control of weeds in wheel tracks may be reduced.** The addition of 2,4-D or MCPA may improve weed control under these conditions.
- **Warranty Disclaimer**

Cheeminova warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. **TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, CHEMINOVA MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.**

**Inherent Risks of Use**

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of the product. Crop injury, lack of performance, or other unanticipated consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperature, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, floods, hurricanes, etc.), poor field conditions, the manner of application, or other acts beyond the control of Cheeminova or the Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer shall indemnify, defend, and hold Cheeminova and the Seller harmless for any and all claims related to such factors.

**Limitation of Remedies**

To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusion or limitation for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories) shall be limited to one of the following:

- (i) Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- (ii) Replacement of amount purchased used.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, Cheeminova shall not be liable for consequential, incidental, or special damages in any manner.

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